## Syllabus for Math 102, Fall '07-'08, Clark Bray

Mathematics for Economists, Simon and Blume; Notes on Integrals for Math 102, Bray (Note: New homework problems will be added throughout semester; be sure you are looking at a current version!)

## Linear Algebra (S&B)

- 7.1 Gaussian and Gauss-Jordan Elimination7.2 Elementary Row Operations7.3 Systems With Many or No Solutions
- 7.4 Rank The Fundamental Criterion
- 7.5 Linear Implicit Function Theorem
- 8.1 Matrix Algebra
- 8.2 Special Kinds of Matrices
- 8.3 Elementary Matrices
- 8.4 Algebra of Square Matrices
- 9.1 Determinant of a Matrix
- 9.2 Uses of the Determinant
- 9.3 IS-LM Analysis via Cramer's Rule
- 10.1 Points and Vectors in Euclidean Space
- 10.2 Vectors
- 10.3 Algebra of Vectors
- 10.4 Length and Inner Product in R^n
- 10.5 Lines
- 10.6 Planes
- 10.7 Economic Applications
- 11.1 Linear Independence
- 11.2 Spanning Sets
- 11.3 Basis and Dimension in R^n

## Calculus of Several Variables (S&B)

13.1 - Functions Between Euclidean Spaces 13.2 - Geometric Representations of Functions 13.3 - Special Kinds of Functions 13.4 - Continuous Functions 13.5 - Vocabulary of Functions 14.1 - Definitions and Examples 14.2 - Economic Interpretation 14.3 - Geometric Interpretation 14.4 - Total Derivative 14.5 - Chain Rule 14.6 - Directional Derivatives and Gradients 14.7 - Explicit Functions From R^n To R^m 15.1 - Implicit Functions and Their Derivatives 15.2 - Level Curves and Their Tangents 15.3 - Systems of Implicit Functions 15.4 - Applications: Comparative Statics 15.5 - Inverse Function Theorem **Optimization (S&B)** 16.1 - Quadratic Forms 16.2 - Definiteness of Quadratic Forms 16.3 - Linear Constraints and Bordered Matrices

- 17.1 Definitions
- 17.2 First Order Conditions
- 17.4 Global Maxima and Minima
- 17.5 Economic Applications
- 18.1 Examples
- 18.2 Equality Constraints
- 18.3 Inequality Constraints
- 18.4 Mixed Constraints

## Integration (B)

1.1 - Single Variable Integrals
1.2 - Double Integrals
1.3 - Nested Integrals, Examples
1.4 - Non-Rectangular Domains, Examples
1.5 - Triple Integrals, Examples
1.7 - Polar Coordinates

Exercises: 3, 7, 8 Exercises: 9, 10, 11, 12 Exercises: 15, 16, 17, 18, 19 Exercises: 21, 23, 24 Exercises: 25, 29, 30 Exercises: 1, 3, 4(once), 5b Exercises: 7, 9, 10 Exercises: 12, 14 Exercises: 18, 19ad, 20c, 21, 23, 28 Exercises: 5, 6, 9 Exercises: 11, 13b, 14b Exercises: 17 Exercises: Exercises: 3. 4 Exercises: 8, 9 Exercises: 10a, 11b, 13, 19, 20, 24, 25, 26 Exercises: 27, 29, 31 Exercises: 32, 34, 37, 39, 40, 41 Exercises: Exercises: 1, 3, 4, 5b, 6, 7, 8 Exercises: 9, 10 Exercises: 14

- Exercises:
- Exercises: 1, 2, 3, 6, 9, 10 Exercises: 11, 12, 14, 15 Exercises: Exercises: 22, 23(largest possible domain; let range = R^1), 24 Exercises: 1, 2 Exercises: Exercises: 3, 4, 5a Exercises: 7, 8, 9, 10 Exercises: 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17 Exercises: 18, 19, 20 Exercises: 21, 22 Exercises: 1, 2, 5, 6, 7, 9 Exercises: 10, 11, 12, 13 Exercises: 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 24 Exercises: 31 Exercises: 35, 36, 37, 38, 39
- Exercises: Exercises: 1, 2, 3, 4 Exercises: 6c Exercises: Exercises: Exercises: Exercises: 4, 6, 7, 8, 11 Exercises: Exercises: 2, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 Exercises: 10, 11, 14 Exercises: 15 ('<=37' not '>=37')

Exercises: BEW(1,2) Exercises: ALJ(1, 2, 10, 11, 15, 23, 24), BEW(1, 3) Exercises: ALJ(1, 2, 3, 6, 10, 19, 20, 23, 24), BEW(1, 3) Exercises: ALJ(2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 10, 11, 15, 16, 17) Exercises: BEW(2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 13, 14) Exercises: BEW(1, 2, 5, 7, 8, 11, 12, 13, 15, 16, 17)